# Demonstration of Coherent Detection of Ultra-Dense WDM (6.25 GHz spacing) 2-PSK 2.5 Gbit/s signals

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## >Coherent detection: potential field of application:

- Ultra-dense WDM
- Multilevel optical phase modulation (N-PSK)
- Dispersion compensation in the electrical domain
- Fastly reconfigurable optical networks
- Optical sensor, microwave photonics, etc.

#### ➤ Targets of this work:

 We introduce the use of our Sub-Carrier Optical PLL as a 2-PSK 2.5 Gbit/s coherent receiver for Ultra Dense WDM systems

• The use of narrow optical filtering is not necessary

- We study the effects of the channel spacing on the performance of a 3-channel system
  - We show that a channel spacing of 6.25 GHz is feasible

 $f_{LO} + f_{VCO}$ 

## **Sub Carrier Optical PLL (SC-OPLL)**

modulated PSK signal

# **Optical VCO**



Two main Sub Carriers at frequency  $f_{LO} \neq f_{VCO}$ are generated. We are able to tune *both* by simply changing the voltage applied to the *electrical* VCO, thus implementing an Optical VCO.  $f_{LO}$  is set in order to obtain  $f_{LO}-f_{VCO}$  equal to the received signal frequency  $f_{TX}$ . Photodiode Input

## Photodiode Output



At photodiode output, the signal carried by the transmitter is translated to base-band. In principle, due to beating with the other SCs, copies of this signal appears also around frequencies f<sub>VCO</sub> and  $2 \cdot f_{VCO}$ , but they are filtered by the out electrical receiver filter.

 $f_{LO}$ 



The amplitude modulator is a high bandwidth Corning-OTI LiNbO<sub>3</sub> Mach-Zehnder (MZ) and is biased at a null of its transfer function, a sinusoidal carrier-suppressed modulation is obtained. The electrical VCO is a low jitter silicon-bipolar based 20 GHz VCO

from Agilent Technologies.

## Single channel 2-PSK Transmitter



#### 2.5 Gbit/s UD-WDM System schematic



Spectra

 $f_{LO}$ - $f_{VCO}$ 

- > The coherent receiver is based on the SC-OPLL
- The optical filter reduces the ASE noise but let the 3 channels pass through undistorted
- > The SC-OPLL locks the central channel frequency  $f_0$
- UDWDM channel demodulation is directly obtained through the receiver electrical filters



# **Eyediagram** 2.5Gbps PSK System

6.25 GHz Channel spacing OSNR=13 dB (@ Res BW = 0.1 nm)



The transmitter is based on a Corning-OTI LiNbO<sub>3</sub> 10Gbit/s phase modulator, driven by a 2.5 Gbit/s NRZ signal. The modulation voltage has been set to a slightly lower value than the modulator  $V_{\pi}$  voltage. The SC-OPLL locks the residual carrier.







Measured BER =  $6 \cdot 10^{-10}$ 

### **Experimental Results**



## Conclusions

>All the SC-OPLL components are commercially available today

- ➢ We demonstrated the demodulation of 2.5 Gbit/s 2-PSK signals with 6.25 GHz channel spacing and 1 dB penalty
- > Optical homodyning mitigates the requirements on optical filtering

# Acknowledgements

- This project was partially funded by CISCO, University Research Program (URP)
- The authors would like to thanks S. Morasca (Avanex) for his invaluable support to the experiment





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